B1 Ivory LIU019

## Think of ONE word that fits into each blank.

found in the tusks of mammals. Elephants, walruses, hippos and whales are the primary sources of ivory.  Because it is so valuable and expensive, ivory has been traded around the world (2) centuries.		
Egyptian sculptors carved ivory objects for their pharaoh. Ancient Greeks and Romans used ivory to		
(3) art, religious objects and jewellery.  Even large statues were made of ivory. The ancient	Elephant tusk from Museum in P	
Chinese got ivory from traders <b>(4)</b> brought it from India and Southeast Asia. For many centur currency.	ries it <b>(5)</b>	used as a
(6) first people used ivory from Asian e of African elephants was (7) to carve. T and the ivory trade started to boom. Before plastic was in objects of everyday (8) , like knife hand balls.	raders started moving i vented ivory was used t	n on Africa to make
The best-known form of ivory is in an elephant's tusks. Sugar metres and <b>(9)</b> up to a hundred kilogodark, whereas the inside is white or cream-coloured. Ivory carved <b>(10)</b> different shapes. In many c jewellery are made from ivory.	rams. The outside of a t y is a hard material that	cusk is often can be easily
lvory is also preserved in the tundra of Siberia, northern C  (11) prehistoric mammoths roamed the Some of the tusks are larger (12) the tu However, such fossil ivory is harder to carve.	e continents thousands	of years ago.
Today trading ivory from elephants and other endangered (13) large parts of the elephant popular		_
of the ivory trade. The poached ivory is smuggled <b>(15)</b> a very high price.	of the counti	y and sold at
Since the end of the 20th century governments of African (16) focused on capturing poachers and rings. Tons of ivory are seized by authorities (17) these actions have stabilized the elephant population. Sor reserves, where they can be closely monitored.	d clamping down on ille year. In the la	ast few years

Ivory is a smooth material that **(1) can** be found in the tusks of mammals. Elephants, walruses, hippos and whales are the primary sources of ivory. Because it is so valuable and expensive, ivory has been traded around the world **(2) for** centuries.

Egyptian sculptors carved ivory objects for their pharaoh. Ancient Greeks and Romans used ivory to (3) create/produce/make/form/design art, religious objects and jewellery. Even large statues were made of ivory. The ancient Chinese got ivory from traders (4) who/that brought it from India and Southeast Asia. For many centuries it (5) was used as a currency.

**(6) At** first people used ivory from Asian elephants but then saw that the ivory of African elephants was **(7) easy / easier / simple / simpler** to carve. Traders started moving in on Africa and the ivory trade started to boom. Before plastic was invented ivory was used to make objects of everyday **(8) life**, like knife handles, piano keys, combs and billiard balls.

The best-known form of ivory is in an elephant's tusks. Such a tusk can grow to a length of over 3 metres and **(9) weigh** up to a hundred kilograms. The outside of a tusk is often dark, whereas the inside is white or cream-coloured. Ivory is a hard material that can be easily carved **(10) into** different shapes. In many countries handicrafts, souvenirs and jewellery are made from ivory.

Ivory is also preserved in the tundra of Siberia, northern Canada and other polar regions **(11) where** prehistoric mammoths roamed the continents thousands of years ago. Some of the tusks are larger **(12) than** the tusks of mammals that exist today. However, such fossil ivory is harder to carve.

Today trading ivory from elephants and other endangered animals is illegal. During the 20th **(13) century** large parts of the elephant population were reduced **(14) because** of the ivory trade. The poached ivory is smuggled **(15) out** of the country and sold at a very high price.

Since the end of the 20th century governments of African and Asian countries (16) have focused on capturing poachers and clamping down on illegal trading rings. Tons of ivory are seized by authorities (17) every/each year. In the last few years these actions have stabilized the elephant population. Some countries have put elephants into reserves, where they can be closely monitored.