

Adapted from: Elementary Language Practice by Michael Vince

Explanations

Plans or intentions

When you decide to do something in the future you make a plan or have an intention. Plans can change, so it is not 100 % certain.

Carol has bought her train ticket and booked her course.

She is going to study in France next month. (This is her plan or intention.)

Predictions from the situation

Sometimes we can see that something is going to happen.

Look out! Those books are going to fall on your head.

He's going to cook dinner.

Statements

I'm going to cook.

He's going to cook.

We're going to cook.

You're going to cook.

She's going to cook.

They're going to cook.

It's going to cook.

Negatives

Clare isn't going to cook dinner.

I'm not going to cook

he isn't going to cook

we aren't going to cook.

*you aren't going to cook
cook*

she isn't going to

they aren't going to cook

it isn't going to cook

Yes/No Questions

Are you going to cook dinner?

Am I going to cook?

Is he going to cook? Is

Are we going to cook?

*Are you going to
cook?*

she going to cook?

Are they going to

Is it going to cook?

cook?

Wh- questions

What are you going to do in the summer?

When are you going to phone me?

Examples

Is it going to rain?

Mike's going to run in the Marathon in

April. Linda is going to learn Chinese.

Careful!

- We do not use **gonna** in writing.